

# THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN.

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## THE WHITE METAL

### Mint Director Leech's Views on Silver.

### Reasons Given for the Decline in Price.

### An Impartial Course Adopted by the Treasury Department in Its Open Purchases.

WASHINGTON, October 28.—Director Leech, of the mint, makes a lengthy statement in regard to treasury purchases of silver bullion and the cause of the recent decline in the market price of silver.

He says: "The treasury method of purchasing silver has been criticized in these particulars: First, that the large purchases by the department do not include all the silver bought; second, that the London price is used as the basis of government purchases and third that bids to the government are on the decimal system and tend to favoritism."

In regard to the first criticism he says the government purchases silver as it does bonds, and, indeed, any article required in considerable quantities, by public competition, the lowest offers being always accepted, provided they do not exceed the highest market price. For the benefit of small producers, however, superintendents of the mints are authorized to purchase small lots at a price fixed from day to day by the director, corresponding to the market price. These purchases average possibly 500,000 ounces a month.

"Second, it is not true that the London price is used as the basis of silver purchases under the new law. During the last administration not only was the London price the only price used, but the department did not pay the equivalent of the London price, but made a counter offer to bidders on the theory that silver is worth less in New York than in London, the cost of transportation and insurance across the water. The present administration has been governed in purchases by the New York price. At no time since the passage of the new silver law, indeed, for some months before, has the treasury felt itself limited in acceptances to the London price."

"Third, in regard to the government quotations being on a decimal basis, one of the critics says: 'A suspicious and significant fact in regard to the government's quotations is that they are on a decimal basis, which is a great advantage to those who may have advanced information in regard to the price the government is willing to pay on a given date.'"

"The government has no scale of its own, and bidders use whatever scale that suits them best. If one house happens to bid a decimal lower than another, is the government to decline a lower bid because of a decimal? The idea of any seller having 'advance information' as to the price the government will pay is ridiculous and impossible. If there can be any fairer method devised for purchasing silver than by competition, it would be difficult to conceive of such method. It is a method which has been pursued by the treasury under all administrations since 1878."

"In regard to the recent decline in the price of silver, the causes which operated to produce it are apparent. In the first place, the visible stock of silver in New York has not sensibly decreased, notwithstanding the purchase by the government of 12,276,478 ounces of silver since August 13. This large and undiminished stock is a standing menace to the price of silver. Large Western refineries, in hopes of realizing a large profit, hold silver for months prior to the passage of the new law, or deposited in New York for certificates, and the result has been the accumulation of a visible stock of such magnitude as to depreciate its price. It is very unfortunate that this stock has been allowed to accumulate, and especially that certificates were allowed to be issued on it and guaranteed by national banks and listed on the stock exchange to be dealt in on margins. It has made a foothold of silver to be kicked around at the pleasure of the bulls and bears. In my judgment, there should be a law enacted against dealing in the money metals on margins."

"The usual demand for silver for export almost entirely ceased, and large quantities of foreign silver have been shipped to the United States. The imports of silver from May 1 to September 30 of the present year exceeded the exports by \$4,923,175, while for the corresponding period of last year the exports exceeded the imports by \$5,948,990. This accounts for the fact that while the government purchased an amount equal to the current production of our mines the stock is not diminished. During the same period the shipments of silver to India are not sensibly decreased, although lately they have been below the usual amount. Hence the supply for India has been obtained in Europe, or at least elsewhere than in the United States. So, too, in regard to the national movement of silver to China, Japan and the Straits from San Francisco. Not one ounce of silver bullion has been shipped to the Orient from San Francisco since May 1, this year, while over \$4,000,000 worth was shipped during the same period last year. These facts, of themselves, are sufficient to account for the decline which has taken place."

"Then, again, all sorts of roboracks have been telegraphed from London to this country, the purpose and effect of which was to weaken the price of silver. It is well known that we are in the midst of a most active mining season. Undoubtedly the production of silver has been stimulated by the passage of the new silver law, but it is approaching the period of winter months when mining is not so active, and, moreover, that the present activity in working mines naturally results in more rapidly exhausting their lodes. So far as my information ex-

tends there has been no new silver bonanza discovered, and, aside from discoveries of valuable silver and lead properties in Australia, I am not aware of any large deposits of silver being discovered within the last year or two. Certainly none recently. So it is fair to assume that the silver product for any considerable period, unless there are new discoveries, will not be materially increased by present active working of mines. No sensible person likes to make prophecies, especially on a subject which has proven so illusive as silver, but certainly one who has made a close study of the silver question ought to find in the facts mentioned sufficient causes for the recent decline without seeking for imaginary reasons and casting slurs upon the treasury method of purchases."

### THE TARIFF BILL ON TRIAL.

#### A New York Importing Firm Disputes Its Legality in Court.

NEW YORK, October 28.—Upon application of Ballin, Joseph & Co., importers, Judge Lacey today granted an order requiring customs appraisers to produce all records regarding the appraisement on a certain consignment of cloths on which the firm claims too high duties were assessed. The firm alleges the goods in question were manufactured in the United States.

An interesting point of the suit is that the firm contends that the act of May 9, providing for the classification of worsted cloths as woolsens, does not apply, because the act was not passed according to law. They assert there was no quorum in the House when the bill was certified to that it had been passed and that it was not legally enacted, though declared passed by the Speaker.

### RAILROAD CONFERENCE.

#### The Cut Rate Trouble Attributed to Ticket Scalpers.

KANSAS CITY, October 28.—The Trans-Missouri committee today considered the charges and counter charges of the Burlington and Rock Island regarding the alleged cut in the San Francisco rate; also the complaints of the Wabash road regarding the sale of the forbidden return harvest excursion tickets. The meeting adjourned without final action.

In an interview this evening, Chairman Finley attributes the present uneasiness to scalpers against whom he proposes to take action. The nature of his plans he would not divulge, but it is believed there were larger blocks of tickets in the hands of scalpers he would authorize the roads in the association to sell below the scalpers.

### HEAVY DEFALCATION

#### A CHICAGO LOAN BROKER TAKES A QUIET LEAVE.

Seat System Worked by Him—Taking Duplicate Notes on Renewals and Continuing the Paper to His Own Interest.

CHICAGO, October 28.—The whereabouts of W. S. Whorton, who has been engaged in the money lending business in this city for several years is troubling a number of citizens and particularly the Chicago Trust, and Savings Bank, and the United States Loan Company.

For over a week Whorton has not been seen and his wife and creditors finally concluded he has left the city. It is asserted that his indebtedness will amount to \$50,000, nearly \$40,000 of which is due to the financial institutions named above. It is asserted that Whorton frequently pursued a plan of double dealing in his business, the notes made to him. When the note became due, it is asserted, he was accustomed to say to the signer he could not carry it, unless a new one was made. When this was done, he promised to destroy the old notes, but instead of doing so, would leave them with the financial institutions where he had placed them and negotiate a new one at another place.

It is also believed that Philadelphia people will be interested in Whorton's flight. It is asserted that he, with another man, bought several years ago the charter of a defunct insurance company in Philadelphia, the Columbia. Whorton's clerk said today, he thought it was in this and similar concerns that much of the "company's" gains had been lost. President Tolman, of the Chicago Trust and Savings Bank, says, however, but little was paid for its charter. He thinks the Columbia was one of three or four insurance companies in which Whorton was interested and that all of those were used to catch premium payers, who never got anything out of the company but their policies.

### SEVENTH DAY BAPTISTS

#### Determined to Consolidate Church, Tract, Mission and Educational Societies.

CHICAGO, October 28.—The Seventh Day Baptist council took definite action today on the reports of standing committees. The most important conclusion reached had reference to denominational policy and educational work. The council voted to remove a menace to the harmony of the denomination by the unification and merging together of the church and mission, tract and educational societies.

It was also resolved to raise the standard of scholarship in the denominational colleges at Alfred, N. Y., Milton, Wis., Albion, Wis. and Salem, W. Va.

### Royal Frenchmen in Canada.

#### QUEBEC, October 28.—This morning the Count of Paris, Duke of Orleans and their suite visited the Ursuline Convent and the Cardinal's palace. The visitors were cordially received by the Cardinal Archbishop Tachereau, who was attended by several dignitaries of the church. Citizens gave a banquet to the visitors this evening.

Portuguese Affairs.

Lisbon, October 28.—Advices from Mozambique state that British gunboats safely ascended the shore and entered the Rio River. Letters of recall have been sent to Senhor Freitas, Portuguese Minister to England.

## ARIZONA INDIANS

### Reported Upon by General Grierson.

### Improvement Noted Among the Apaches.

### He Advises the Abandonment of Forts Grant, Lowell, Bayard and Union.

WASHINGTON, October 28.—In his annual report upon the operations of the army in the Department of Arizona, Brigadier General Grierson says:

"Now that Forts McDowell and Verde have been abandoned with a view to their early transfer to the Interior Department for Indian school purposes, the authorities should consider the advisability of reducing with the least possible delay the number of Indians in the vicinity of San Carlos agency by the removal of the Yuma and Mojave Indians to their reservations. White men have taken up nearly all hunting and grazing grounds of the peaceable Yavapai Indians in the cañons of Arizona and these Indians have become exasperated to such a degree that trouble is likely to arise at any time."

Therefore General Grierson recommends that "Black Tanks," a tribe hereditary winter camp, taken from them by white men two years ago, be restored; that their reservation be enlarged, defined, and their title made good.

The report says that recent surveys have shown that a railroad can be constructed throughout the Grand Cañon of the Colorado at a feasible cost, and liberal encouragement should be given by the Government to hasten its completion and open up that famous wonderland.

Grierson disapproves of the proposition made by the Indian inspector, to organize a regiment of Indians, as dangerous. The posts at Forts Lowell, Grant and Bayard, says General Grierson, can be abandoned without detriment to the service. Such troops stationed there are no longer needed and facilities afforded for the proper removal of the Indians to their reservation in New Mexico and Arizona may be removed elsewhere. The post at Fort Union could be abandoned at once by transferring the troops of the Sixth Cavalry to Fort Wingate, Company C, Tenth Infantry, to Fort Marcy, and Company H, of that regiment, to Fort Stanton.

Grierson renews his recommendation that the present military reservation at San Pedro, California, be enlarged, as it is a most desirable place for a harbor and adjacent to Los Angeles. The small, poorly situated post at San Diego should be disposed of and a suitable reservation obtained without delay, in order that a large post may be permanently established at that important seaport and facilities afforded for the proper fortification of Point Loma. The best site is at North Island and the peninsula on the east side of the bay entrance. General Grierson says Congress should make liberal appropriations for the purchase of such tracts and the construction of permanent posts for the accommodation of troops now at inland stations where they are no longer needed and which must soon be abandoned to obviate the necessity for keeping so many troops in the Territories. These troops should be concentrated on the seacoast where they can be made comfortable, be instructed and thoroughly disciplined. In view of the recent unwarranted attempt to grasp Lower California from Mexico, the present time is auspicious for the establishment there of permanent posts.

The General speaks with satisfaction of a marked improvement in the condition of the Indians of the White Mountain reservation, and recommends that they have a separate agency and that a good school be established at Fort Apache. General Grierson says the Jicarillas still attached to the Ute agency should have a separate agency.

### REVOLT IN RUSSIA.

#### Serious Disturbances in the Southern Part of the Empire.

LONDON, October 28.—The Telegraph's St. Petersburg correspondent says:

"The Secretary of the Interior has received a telegram containing alarming accounts of peasants' revolts in Khartov and Yekaterinoslav districts in southern Russia. Nine thousand troops operating against peasants in Bogodukhovit district who refuse to betray their leaders and declare they will not relapse into serfdom, preferring instead to the fighting. The peasants are prowling about in armed bands, firing and pillaging land owners and residents. They have burned 5000 acres of forest on the river Semara and have destroyed immense quantities of corn in Bakvolok."

The Minister of the Interior has telegraphed the authorities in that part of the empire, abolishing all the peasants' rights in the disturbed districts.

### Marriage of an Ambassador's Daughter.

#### PARIS, October 28.—The religious marriage of Mlle. Mohrenheim, daughter of Baron Mohrenheim, Russian ambassador to France, to Lieutenant Deszeu, took place today and was attended by Madame Carnot, wife of the President, and all the ambassadors in Paris. A crowd gathered outside the church and as the bridal party came out they were greeted with cries of "Long Live Russia! Long Live France!"

An Alleged Confession.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., October 28.—Birchell has received a letter, dated Jackson, Mich., October 24, and signed "The Colonel," purporting to show that the writer killed Benwell. Birchell's solicitor will ask a reprieve on the strength of this.

Women's Christian Temperance Union.

at Allegheny, Pa., November 19, 20 and 21. The representation is one delegate for every 100 paying members of auxiliary State unions, and in unorganized States or Territories, one delegate for 100 members or fraction over fifty.

Trying to Wreck the McKinley Bill.

NEW YORK, October 28.—A meeting of importers of this city was held this afternoon which had under consideration the McKinley bill. James M. Constable said the opinion of numerous attorneys was that the omission of section 30 in the engrossed copy of the bill very possibly invalidated the entire act. A committee was appointed to make investigation and report at a subsequent meeting.

Presidential Pardon.

WASHINGTON, October 28.—The President has granted a pardon in the case of Charles A. Condon, convicted in Wyoming of robbing the mails and sentenced in 1879 to imprisonment for life.

All Quiet at Waycross.

WAYCROSS, GA., October 28.—All is quiet at Varnes. Mr. Varnes has sold out his interests there and left the country, saying that he is \$5000 out of pocket.

### CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The annual convention of Unitarians of the West began at Chicago last evening.

Miss Julia Marlowe, actress, is very ill at Philadelphia and is threatened with brain fever.

At London it is reported that a vessel with 700 emigrants on board had foundered off Cape St. Vincent.

In London, yesterday, the coroner's jury in the case of Mrs. Hogg rendered a charge of murder against Mrs. Piercey.

Every steam fitting establishment in Chicago is idle. All the union men and ninety percent of the non-unionists are out.

A general parliamentary election was held in Greece yesterday. The government was defeated, retaining only one-third of the seats.

Count Von Hartenau, who was formerly known as Prince Alexander of Bulgaria, has been gazetted Colonel in the Austrian army.

The British bark Hazelbank, Captain Mansor, from Tacoma, June 1, for Hull, has sunk in the English Channel. Her crew have arrived at Dover.

At Auburn, N. Y., the Sheriff has taken possession of the works of the Auburn Wagon Company, on executions amounting to \$50,000.

Slavin and McLaughlin are giving exhibition sparring every night at the Washington Music hall, in London, each receiving \$250 per night.

The Berlin National Gazette alleges that Professor Koch, having discovered a cure for consumption by inoculation, will devote himself to experimenting.

A report from Lugnone, Switzerland, states that fighting occurred yesterday between the troops and disaffected liberals. There was some bloodshed.

A fire in George Weidman's brewery at Newport, Ky., last Monday night destroyed his warehouse containing 100,000 bushels of barley. The malt loss is \$100,000.

The Perry House, Springfield House, Ohio House and thirty-five other business and dwelling houses of Eureka Springs, Ark., were burned yesterday. Loss estimated at \$200,000.

The Edwards County Bank at Kinsey, Kansas, failed yesterday. Assets are said to exceed liabilities by a large amount and depositors will doubtless receive their claims in full.

By a rear end collision near Macon, Georgia, yesterday between two sections of Barnum's Circus train, one man was killed and one fatally injured. A number of horses were also killed.

The preliminary examination in the Henessey assassination case at New Orleans was postponed indefinitely on motion of the district attorney. The prisoners were remanded without bail.

News has been received at Los Angeles from Tulare county that an Indian named Lerno had poisoned another Indian named Willy Charley. The latter died yesterday and Lerno was arrested.

At Apalachicola, Fla., the Kimball Lumber Company's mill and warehouses were destroyed by fire yesterday, together with McEllynn's furniture factory and iron works. Losses aggregate \$160,000.

Kate Conron, an insane woman in San Francisco, jumped from a ferry boat yesterday into the bay. T. R. Magee, a young man, jumped into the water and held her up until they were both rescued by a boat.

At Newport, R. I., Dennis B. Sullivan, Treasurer of the Father Matthew total abstinence society, is believed to be short in his accounts about \$1300 and his property has been attached to recover the amount.

At Harrisburg, Pa., warrants in the criminal libel suits of ex-Governor Pattison against W. F. Fordam, proprietor, and J. J. McLauren, editor of the Morning Call, were served yesterday. Both waived a hearing and gave bail.

A cable from Charles Tupper to Ottawa announces that he has forwarded a petition for commutation of the death sentence of Birchell, the murderer of Benwell. It was gotten up in England by the family of the condemned man.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers at Pittsburg have re-elected George R. Dority, of Charleston, Massachusetts, grand chaplain; R. M. Clark, of Denver, grand guide. The next convention will be held at Atlanta, Georgia, in 1892.

At Denver, Colo., yesterday, the Sheriff took possession of the store of Samuel Pelton & Brother, furnishing goods, etc., on an attachment believed amounting to \$78,000. It is believed that the assets largely exceed the liabilities.

Judgment has been entered in New York against Vanderhoof, Morrison & Co., bankers and brokers, in favor of the Park National Bank for \$66,546, representing an overdraft made on their account in 1883, and which they have since refused to make good.

## THE PACIFIC SLOPE

### Trainmen in Council at Los Angeles.

### Several Jail Deliveries at Different Points.

### John Chart Held For the Murder of Johnson at Prescott—Entering San Diego.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., October 28.—The National Convention of the Trainmen's Association today re-elected T. F. Slatery as Second Vice-Grand Master; George Newman, of Missoula, Montana, was elected their Vice-Grand Master. The plan of federation and for a Supreme Council which was revised by the representatives of the several organizations in Chicago, June, 1889, was unanimously approved and the representatives to the last meeting of the Supreme Council, consisting of S. E. Wilkinson, Grand Master, P. H. Morrissey, First Vice-Grand Master, and W. H. Sheahan, Grand Secretary and Treasurer, were elected.

### JAIL DELIVERY.

#### Clever Escape of Two Convicts from the Nevada Penitentiary.

CARSON, NEV., October 28.—George W. Lewis and August Richards worked their way through the walls of the State prison Monday night and escaped.

Lewis procured tools from the blacksmith shop, he being the boss of the shop, and drilled his way through the bars on an iron grating with the assistance of Richards, and from there through the stone wall in the corridor of the second story in the main prison, dropping down on a shed roof below and fleeing across the stone quarry.

A posse of men is on the track of the convicts, who appear to have taken a direct route to California.

### HIS FIRST WIFE ARRIVED.

#### Hurried Departure From San Francisco of a Defaulting Butcher.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 28.—Henry Content, proprietor of the Montreal Market, has disappeared and, it is stated, leaves a number of creditors, in addition to a woman who furnished him with money to start in business.

It is stated that the arrival of Content's real wife and three children from Canada was the cause of his departure. He took about \$1000 in cash with him.

### Enterprising San Diego.

#### SAN DIEGO, Cal., October 28.—The citizens this evening appointed a committee to confer with government representatives who were recently appointed to select a site on the Pacific Coast for a high grade armor plant, and to present to them inducements for the location of said institution in San Diego. The committee will leave for the East in a few days.

Killed a Ward Politician.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 28.—Shortly before 10 o'clock this evening, a saloon-keeper named Roach, who was known as a ward politician, became engaged in a quarrel with a man named Allen, at Fourth and Tehama streets. Allen drew a revolver and fired at Roach, inflicting a wound from which the latter died in a few minutes. Allen is under arrest.

### Traffic in Abalone Shells.

#### SAN FRANCISCO, October 28.—The steamer Karlik, which has been employed during the past season by the Alaska Commercial Company as cannery and sealing tender, has been chartered by a San Diego company to make trips between San Diego and Cerros Island for the purpose of delivering a large quantity of abalone and other shells.

Another Convict Escapes.

BOISE CITY, Idaho, October 28.—Joseph Morgan escaped today from the State penitentiary. He was at breakfast this morning and at dinner he was missing. Morgan was sentenced last July to a ten year term for attempt to commit murder on Charles Garrett of Shoshone county. One hundred dollars reward is offered for his recapture.

### Held to Answer for Murder.

#### PRESCOTT, October 28.—The preliminary examination of John Chart, charged with the assassination of George Johnson last week, closed today, resulting in his being held without bail to appear before the Grand Jury. The murder was one of the most cold-blooded ever committed in this Territory, and is universally condemned.

### Mining Discovery in Alaska.

#### VICTORIA, B. C., October 28.—Captain Carroll, who is now in this city, reports that the principal item of Alaska news is the discovery of a rich quartz vein at Durney bay, in the direction of Chilcat district. John Bernhard, a prospector, has bought the claim and will at once proceed to develop it.

Match Race Between Good Horses.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 28.—The owner of Almont Patchen today deposited \$1000 with the Chronicle to bind a match race between Almont Patchen and Cricket. The race is to be mile heats, best three in five, to be contested either on the San Francisco or San Jose tracks.

### NOT QUITE CURED.

#### Deadly Work of a Discharged Patient From an Insane Asylum.

ST. LOUIS, October 28.—Louis Rittenhouse, the 25-year old son of a wealthy farmer near Prairie Du Long, Ill., has been at an insane asylum for some time but was released a week ago, as cured.

This morning he went to the house of

a friend named Talbot and fatally shot that gentleman. Returning home he slightly wounded his brother and was preparing to murder his father. The latter, however, seized him and knocked him senseless, inflicting serious injuries.

### LEFT IN THE COLD.

#### The Woes of a Confiding Man in the Hands of a New York Sharp.

NEW YORK, October 28.—A Montreal special says: Hans Hemken accuses a man named Slayton, of New York, of swindling him out of nearly \$150,000. He induced Hemken to come to New York and open up a fancy dry goods store with branches in Chicago and one in Montreal. He claims, through some hocus pocus Slayton has gotten away with the business, leaving him (Hemken) in the cold.

### A Tariff Opinion.

#### WASHINGTON, October 28.—The solicitor of the treasury has given an opinion in regard to the manufacturers' statement prescribed by the new customs administrative act, saying the statute does not require importers to furnish certificates of the cost of manufacture in case of goods paying specific rates.

### Against Whiskey Smuggling.

#### QUEBEC, October 29.—With a view to suppress whiskey smuggling in Quebec, Cardinal Taschereau has issued a letter to his flock on the evils of that traffic. Smugglers henceforth will be deprived of the benefit of the sacrament.

### Killed in a Runaway.

#### WASHINGTON, October 28.—The widow of the late Lieutenant Gantt, of the navy and her daughter were out driving today. The horse ran away and the ladies jumped from the carriage. Mrs. Gantt was killed and her daughter seriously injured.

### To Drive Back Marauding Utes.

#### WASHINGTON, October 28.—The Interior and War Departments have issued the necessary instructions to their representatives in Colorado to secure the return of the marauding Utes to their reservation at once.

### Lost at Niagara Falls.

#### NIAGARA FALLS, October 28.—The bridge tender of the railway suspension bridge claims to have seen a skiff containing a man pass under the bridge this morning. The boat capsized at the first breaker and the man was not seen again. Nothing more is learned about the matter.

## THE UNION PACIFIC

### PRESIDENT LANE DENIES A NUMBER OF WILD STORIES.

Considers the Alliance with the Northwestern a Private Matter—Not Disturbed by the Commercial Boycott.

BOSTON, October 28.—Vice-President Lane, of the Union Pacific railway, was seen today with regard to the stories with which the streets of late have teemed, derogatory to the Union Pacific, its management, etc.

With regard to the "boycott" and the effect thereof, Lane said: "West bound through business is really all that is affected and even this can suffer but little."

He also remarked that the Union Pacific-Northwestern alliance really concerned nobody but the two roads in interest; what they do is their own business. The Union Pacific people are not at all disturbed by the so-called boycott and they find in the cases leading to it and all the feeling of competitors an inspiration for all the recent wild reports concerning the road.

The stories of accidents, Lane says, have been greatly exaggerated. Their system is getting an enormous traffic at the present time, more indeed than it can comfortably handle and its equipment is necessarily getting severe usage. A few accidents have naturally occurred under these circumstances, but none of these have involved any serious damage.

As regards the latest story from Chicago, published today, to the effect that the management was working tacitly to wreck the road with a view to ultimately turning it over to the Vanderbilts, Lane says that the yarn is too absurd to deny and its annals is clearly apparent to any one who understands the present condition of affairs.

### More Trouble in Switzerland.

#### BERNE, October 28.—While at Lugano both Conservatives and Liberals were celebrating with fireworks over the result of election, the commander of the federation troops ordered them to desist. The people resisted, were attacked by troops and several were wounded. The commander is blamed for excess of zeal.

### Medical College for Women.

#### BALTIMORE, October 28.—Mrs. Davis, Miss Mary Garrett and their associates, of the committee of ladies who resolved to raise \$100,000 and give it to Johns Hopkins university for the purpose of founding a medical college into which women would be admitted, have accomplished the task and the trustees have accepted the fund.

The Russian czar's wardrobe vies in extent and variety with that of Henry Irving. His imperial majesty has forty-four different uniforms, all of which he has worn, save one, that of a Russian field marshal. Although the titular head of the army, the czar has never worn the dress of a field marshal until the rank shall have been conferred upon him by the other field marshals after a victorious war.

Crippled Captain S. S. Mayo has arrived at Lowell, Mass., on his way to Tagus, Me. He has ridden 3700 miles across the continent on a bet of \$5000 that he could cross from ocean to ocean in 165 days. When he left California he had a spick and span new buggy and a tough little roan. Now the poor little roan is badly hanged and the buggy is "a sight to see." Mayo says there are too many cutthroat roads in these United States.

### Again Break the Team Record.

#### INDIANAPOLIS, October 28.—Haulin's great team, Belle Hamlin and Justina, again lowered their record yesterday, doing the mile in 2:13. Justina broke twice, and horsemen say that had it not been for this the team would have done the mile in less than 2:12.

### End of the Championship Games.

#### NEW YORK, October 28.—The world's championship series between Brooklyn and Louisville came to an unexpected close this afternoon. Seven games have been played, each team winning three and one being a tie. The cold weather was too much for spectators, and the series will be played off next spring. Today's score was: Louisville 6, Brooklyn 2.

Briggs Swift, a noted pork packer and merchant, died at Cincinnati last night.

## THE UNITED KINGDOM

### Balfour Coming to the Rescue of the Irish.

### Measures of Relief to Be Inaugurated.

### Contradictory Reports as to the Destination of the Money Proposed to Be Raised in America.

DUBLIN, October 28.—Balfour received an ovation on landing at Achill. He said he was glad to meet the people and expressed sorrow for the failure of the potatoes. He was glad that he had been able to sanction the construction of a railway which would give them employment.

A number of peasants escorted him to various fishing stations and, after dark, escorted him over the mountains.

Balfour promised to finish a bridge between two points of the island and to defray the expenses out of his own pocket. The peasants cheered him and expressed gratitude. On the road back to Westport, a triumphal arch was erected at Mulsaney and Balfour cheered by knots of people at various points.

One of the local priests at Newport said that Balfour is one of the greatest benefactors Ireland ever had and they looked to him to bring peace and prosperity to the country.

At Westport Balfour received a deputation of citizens, headed by a priest, and conferred at length as to the best method for providing relief for coming distress.

### CONSIDERING THE FAMINE.

#### A Statement That the American Funds Will Be Largely for Relief.

NEW YORK, October 28.—T. P. Gill, delegate of the Irish Parliamentary party, said tonight, referring to a statement made in some papers that the Irish Parliamentary party was indifferent to the famine question, "Nothing could be more erroneous. Relief of distress will form a leading part of our program, but we also intend to appeal for means of advancing that policy which aims at ending forever this periodical recurrence of famine, the periodical throwing of our country upon the charity of the nation—the policy, in a word, of Farnell and Gladstone."

### A CONTRARY VIEW

#### That the American Funds are to Be Used in Politics Only.

LONDON, October 28.—The Cologne Gazette has had an interview with T. P. O'Connor, in which he is quoted as saying the O'Brien-Dillon mission to America had nothing to do with the potato famine, which was the business of the British government. "Our only concern," he says, "is